# **KEILHAUER**





# **Declaration Owner**

#### Keilhauer

1450 Birchmount Rd Toronto, ON, M1P 2E3 1.800.724.5665 | www.keilhauer.com

#### **Product**

Vagabond Ottoman

#### **Functional Unit**

One unit of seating to seat one individual, maintained for a 10 year period

# **EPD Number and Period of Validity**

SCS-EPD-08977 EPD Valid May 11, 2023 through May 10, 2028

### **Product Category Rule**

Product Category Rule for Environmental Product Declarations, BIFMA PCR for Seating: UNCPC 3811 Version 3, NSF International, Extended 12 months per PCRext 2022-110 valid to September 30, 2023.

#### **Program Operator**

SCS Global Services 2000 Powell Street, Ste. 600, Emeryville, CA 94608 +1.510.452.8000 | www.SCSglobalServices.com



| Address: 1450 Birchmount Rd., Toronto, ON, M1P 2E3  Product: Vagabond Seating  Declaration Number: SCS-EPD-08977  Declaration Validity Period: EPD Valid May 11, 2023 through May 10, 2028  Program Operator: SCS Global Services  Declaration URL Link: https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide  LCA Practitioner: Gerard Mansell, Ph.D., SCS Global Services |
|---|
| Product: Vagabond Seating  Declaration Number: SCS-EPD-08977  Declaration Validity Period: EPD Valid May 11, 2023 through May 10, 2028  Program Operator: SCS Global Services  Declaration URL Link: https://www.scsglobalservices.com/certified-green-products-guide  LCA Practitioner: Gerard Mansell, Ph.D., SCS Global Services   |
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|   |
|   |
| LCA Software and LCI database: OpenLCA v1.10 software and the Ecoinvent v3.8 database   |
| Independent critical review of the LCA  |
| and data, according to ISO 14044 and ☐ internal ☐ external  |
| ISO 14071   |
| LCA Reviewer:  Thomas Gloria, Ph.D., Industrial Ecology Consultants   |
| Product Category Rule for Environmental Product Declarations, BIFMA PCR for Seating:  |
| LINCPC 3811 Version 3 NSE International Extended 12 months per PCRext 2022-110  |
| Product Category Rule: valid to September 30, 2023.   |
| PCR Review conducted by:  |
| Independent verification of the   |
| declaration and data, according to ISO ☐ internal ☐ external  |
| 14025 and the PCR   |
| EPD Verifier:  Thomas Gloria, Ph.D., Industrial Ecology Consultants   |
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Disclaimers: This EPD conforms to ISO 14025, 14040, and 14044.

**Scope of Results Reported:** The PCR requirements limit the scope of the LCA metrics such that the results exclude environmental and social performance benchmarks and thresholds, and exclude impacts from the depletion of natural resources, land use ecological impacts, ocean impacts related to greenhouse gas emissions, risks from hazardous wastes and impacts linked to hazardous chemical emissions.

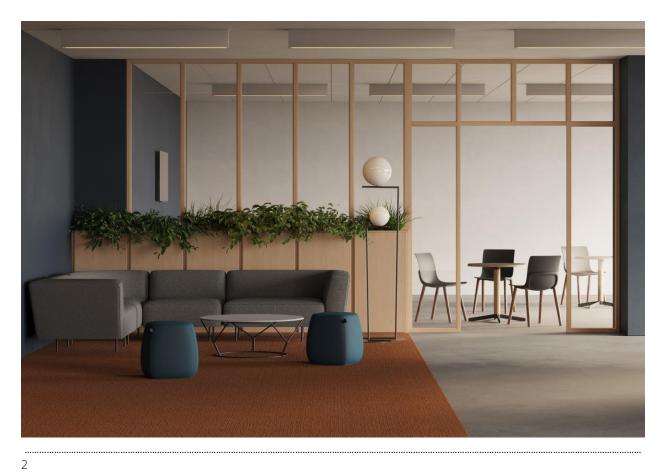
**Accuracy of Results:** Due to PCR constraints, this EPD provides estimations of potential impacts that are inherently limited in terms of accuracy.

**Comparability:** The PCR this EPD was based on was not written to support comparative assertions. EPDs based on different PCRs, or different calculation models, may not be comparable. When attempting to compare EPDs or life cycle impacts of products from different companies, the user should be aware of the uncertainty in the final results, due to and not limited to, the practitioner's assumptions, the source of the data used in the study, and the specifics of the product modeled.

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# ABOUT KEILHAUER

Keilhauer thoughtfully manufactures seating and tables for all the different ways people work. Keilhauer products are made to support engaging communications in offices, lobbies, lunchrooms and more. Working with world-renowned designers, Keilhauer is internationally recognized for award-winning design, built with a craftsmanship that is held to the highest environmental standards.

# PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

With its whimsical shape and sophisticated design details, Vagabond is a versatile ottoman that can be put to work in every corner of the office. Vagabond features a reinforced black leather handle and a durable HDPE bottom, designed to be strong enough to be the ultimate office traveler.

# MATERIAL COMPOSITION

Table 1. Material composition of the Vagabond seating. Results are shown per unit of seating and as a perfect of total.

| Material Type           | Material Resource | Amount<br>(kg/unit of seating) | Amount<br>(%) |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|
| Wood                    | Renewable         | 4.91                           | 77%           |
| Steel                   | Non-renewable     | 3.39x10 <sup>-2</sup>          | 1%            |
| Plastics, Nylon, Rubber | Non-renewable     | 1.36                           | 21%           |
| Leather                 | Renewable         | 7.90x10 <sup>-2</sup>          | 1%            |
| TOTAL                   |                   | 6.38                           | 100%          |

# **KEY ENVIRONMENTAL PARAMETERS**

**Table 2.** Summary of key environmental parameters.

| Parameter                | Value | Unit    |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|
| Global Warming Potential | 24.7  | kg CO₂e |
| Primary Energy Demand    | 602   | MJ      |
| Recycled Content         | 0.20  | %       |

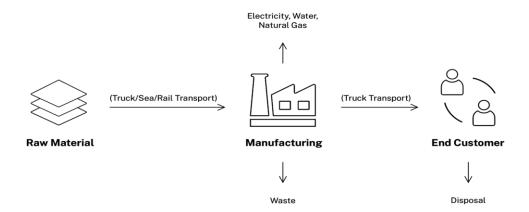
# LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT STAGES

The system boundary is cradle-to-grave and includes resource extraction and processing, product manufacture and assembly, distribution/transport, use and maintenance, and end-of-life. The seating products are assessed based on a 10 year service lifetime consistent with the PCR. The diagram below illustrates the life cycle stages included in this EPD.



# PRODUCT LIFE CYCLE FLOW DIAGRAM

The diagram below is a representation of the most significant contributions to the life cycle of *Vagabond* seating products. This includes resource extraction, raw material processing, component manufacturing, transportation, assembly of chair, use and maintenance, and end-of-life.



# LIFE CYCLE INVENTORY

The resource use and emissions from each step of the product life cycle are summed to obtain the life cycle inventory results. Table 3 shows inventory categories for energy and water consumption.

**Table 3.** Inventory categories for energy and water consumption. Results are shown for one unit of seating to seat one individual over a 10 year time period.

| Parameter                          | Units | Total<br>(per 1 unit of seating) |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| Primary Energy Demand              | MJ    | 602                              |
| Non-Renewable Energy, Fossil Fuels | MJ    | 313                              |
| Non-Renewable Energy, Nuclear      | MJ    | 49.5                             |
| Renewable Energy                   | MJ    | 239                              |
| Freshwater Consumptions            | kg    | 1,410                            |

# LIFE CYCLE IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Impact category indicators are calculated using TRACI 2.1 characterization methods, including acidification potential, eutrophication potential, smog potential, ozone depletion potential, and global warming potential, in accordance with the BIFMA PCR. Note, biogenic carbon uptake and biomass CO<sub>2</sub> emissions are not included.



Table 4. Life cycle impact assessment results for the Vagabond seating products. Results are shown for one unit of seating to seat one individual over a 10 year period.

| Impact Category                                       | Units        | Raw Material<br>Extraction &<br>Processing | Production<br>(Manufacturing<br>& Assembly) | Distribution,<br>Use &<br>Maintenance | End-of-Life           | Total                 |
|---|--------------|--|---|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Global Warming<br>Potential, 100 year time<br>horizon | kg CO₂ eq    | 15.5                                       | 4.52  | 2.01                                  | 0.931                 | 23.0                  |
| Acidification Potential                               | kg SO₂ eq    | 8.61x10 <sup>-2</sup>                      | 7.25x10 <sup>-3</sup>                       | 8.51x10 <sup>-3</sup>                 | 2.67×10 <sup>-3</sup> | 0.104                 |
| Ozone Depletion<br>Potential                          | kg CFC-11 eq | 8.09x10 <sup>-7</sup>                      | 4.30x10 <sup>-7</sup>                       | 4.31x10 <sup>-7</sup>                 | 9.39x10 <sup>-8</sup> | 1.76x10 <sup>-6</sup> |
| Smog Formation<br>Potential                           | kg O₃ eq     | 1.50                                       | 0.235                                       | 0.205                                 | 7.47×10 <sup>-2</sup> | 2.01                  |
| Eutrophication Potential                              | kg N eq      | 7.24x10 <sup>-2</sup>                      | 3.65x10 <sup>-3</sup>                       | 4.61x10 <sup>-3</sup>                 | 5.09x10 <sup>-2</sup> | 0.132                 |

# ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Vagabond is certified by Carbonfund.org to be carbon neutral through their Carbonfree® product certification.

Keilhauer has reduced emissions at every stage of our processes – from design and the materials we use to production, distribution, and end-of-life. Throughout the life cycle of the chair, there is inevitable carbon that can't be eliminated. Keilhauer completely offsets this carbon with investments in third-party verified carbon offset projects through Carbonfund.org. We have carefully chosen to support three projects.

# 1. The US Truck Stop Electrification Project

Vagabond seating, along with all Keilhauer products, are transported via truck to reach the final customer. Keilhauer is supporting this project to specifically address the carbon emissions of our product transportation.

# 2. The Minnesota Forestry Improvement Project

Many of Keilhauer's products contain wood components and it is important to us to consistently measure and manage our natural resource use. Supporting this project means contributing to the management and improvement of Minnesota woodlands.

### 3. The Aqua Clara Water Filtration Program

Keilhauer believes clean water is a basic human right that every person should have access to. This water filtration program provides Kenyan communities with access to safe drinking water while generating employment opportunities and reducing deforestation.

For more carbon neutral information regarding Vagabond seating, please visit https://www.keilhauer.com/.

# SUPPORTING TECHNICAL INFORMATION

Unit processes are developed with OpenLCA 10.1 software, drawing upon data from multiple sources. Primary data were provided by Keilhauer for their manufacturing processes. The primary sources of secondary LCI data are from the Ecoinvent 3.8 database and published literature.

**Table 5.** Data sources used for the LCA study.

| Component          | Dataset   | Data Source                    | Publication<br>Date |
|--------------------|---|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| PRODUCT            |   |                                |                     |
| Wood               | plywood production   plywood   Cutoff, S/RoW  | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Steel              | steel production, converter, low-alloyed   steel, low-alloyed   Cutoff, S/RoW   | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Sicci              | metal working, average for steel product manufacturing   metal working, average for steel product manufacturing   Cutoff, S/RoW | El v3.8                        | 2021                |
|                    | acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer production   acrylonitrile-butadiene-styrene copolymer   Cutoff, S/RoW                | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Plastics           | polyurethane production, flexible foam   polyurethane, flexible foam   Cutoff, S/RoW  | El v3.8                        | 2021                |
|                    | polyethylene production, high density, granulate   polyethylene, high density, granulate   Cutoff, S/RoW                        | El v3.8                        | 2021                |
|                    | injection moulding   injection moulding   Cutoff, S/RoW   | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Leather            | beef cattle production on pasture and feedlot   cattle for slaughtering, live weight   Cutoff, S/RoW; Leather (/kg)             | El v3.8;<br>Notarnicola, et al | 2021;<br>2011       |
| PACKAGING          |   |                                |                     |
| Plastic film       | packaging film production, low density polyethylene   packaging film, low density polyethylene   Cutoff, S/RoW                  | El v3.8                        | 2021                |
| TRANSPORT          |   |                                |                     |
| Diesel truck       | transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO4   transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO4   Cutoff, S/RoW           | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Diesel rail        | transport, freight train, diesel   transport, freight train   Cutoff, S/RoW   | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Ocean freighter    | transport, freight, sea, container ship   transport, freight, sea, container ship   Cutoff, S/GLO                               | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| RESOURCES          |   |                                |                     |
| Grid electricity   | market for electricity, medium voltage $\mid$ electricity, medium voltage $\mid$ Cutoff, S/CA-ON                                | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |
| Heat - natural gas | heat production, natural gas, at industrial furnace >100kW   heat, district or industrial, natural gas   Cutoff, S/RoW          | EI v3.8                        | 2021                |

# Data Quality

| Data Quality Parameter  | Data Quality Discussion  |
|---|--|
| <b>Time-Related Coverage:</b> Age of data and the minimum length of time over which data is collected   | The most recent available data are used, based on other considerations such as data quality and similarity to the actual operations. Typically, these data are less than 5 years old (typically 2016). All of the data used represented an average of at least one year's worth of data collection, and up to three years in some cases. Manufacturer-supplied data (primary data) are based on annual production for 2019-20.   |
| Geographical Coverage: Geographical area from which data for unit processes is collected to satisfy the goal of the study   | The data used in the analysis provide the best possible representation available with current data. Electricity use for product manufacture is modeled using representative data for the US. Surrogate data used in the assessment are representative of global or European operations. Data representative of European operations are considered sufficiently similar to actual processes. Data representing product disposal are based on regional statistics.   |
| <b>Technology Coverage:</b> Specific technology or technology mix   | For the most part, data are representative of the actual technologies used for processing, transportation, and manufacturing operations. Representative fabrication datasets, specific to the type of material, are used to represent the actual processes, as appropriate.  |
| <b>Precision:</b> Measure of the variability of the data values for each data expressed   | Precision of results are not quantified due to a lack of data. Data collected for operations were typically averaged for one or more years and over multiple operations, which is expected to reduce the variability of results.   |
| Completeness: Percentage of flow that is measured or estimated  | The LCA model included all known mass and energy flows for production of the products. In some instances, surrogate data used to represent upstream and downstream operations may be missing some data which is propagated in the model. No known processes or activities contributing to more than 1% of the total environmental impact for each indicator are excluded.  |
| Representativeness: Qualitative assessment of the degree to which the data set reflects the true population of interest   | Data used in the assessment represent typical or average processes as currently reported from multiple data sources and are therefore generally representative of the range of actual processes and technologies for production of these materials. Considerable deviation may exist among actual processes on a site-specific basis; however, such a determination would require detailed data collection throughout the supply chain back to resource extraction.  |
| Consistency: Qualitative assessment of whether the study methodology is applied uniformly to the various components of the analysis   | The consistency of the assessment is considered to be high. Data sources of similar quality and age are used; with a bias towards Ecoinvent v3.8 data where available. Different portions of the product life cycle are equally considered.  |
| Reproducibility: Qualitative assessment of the extent to which information about the methodology and data values would allow an independent practitioner to reproduce the results reported in the study | Based on the description of data and assumptions used, this assessment would be reproducible by other practitioners. All assumptions, models, and data sources are documented.   |
| Sources of the Data: Description of all primary and secondary data sources  | Data representing energy use at the manufacturing facilities represent an annual average and are considered of high quality due to the length of time over which these data are collected, as compared to a snapshot that may not accurately reflect fluctuations in production. For secondary LCI data, Ecoinvent v3.8 LCI data are used.   |
| Uncertainty of the Information:<br>Uncertainty related to data, models,<br>and assumptions  | Uncertainty related to materials in the products and packaging is low. Actual supplier data for upstream operations were not available and the study relied upon the use of existing representative datasets. These datasets contained relatively recent data (<10 years) but lacked geographical representativeness. Uncertainty related to the impact assessment methods used in the study are high. The impact assessment method required by the PCR includes impact potentials, which lack characterization of providing and receiving environments or tipping points. |

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#### Allocation

Keilhauer has two assembly facilities located at 1450 Birchmount Rd., Toronto and 50 Underwriters Rd., Toronto.

The 1450 Birchmount facility is 100% dedicated for cutting upholstery patterns and manufacturing certain upholstered products. For upholstered products manufactured at 50 Underwriters, the pre-processed fabric patterns cut at the Birchmount facility are trucked to 50 Underwriters for final assembly. The primary data for resource use (electricity, natural gas, water, etc.) and waste were allocated to the product based on the product weight as a fraction of the total annual facility production for June 2019 - May 2020 (i.e., mass-based allocation). Electricity use at the manufacturing facilities was modeled using regional inventory datasets for Ontario from the Ecoinvent LCI database.

The steel and aluminum used by Keilhauer includes some amount of recycled content, which were allocated using the recycled content allocation method (also known as the 100-0 cut off method). Using the recycled content allocation approach, system inputs with recycled content do not receive any burden from the previous life cycle other than reprocessing of the waste material. No credits or avoided burden were allocated to the recycled content material in the study. The amount of recycled content in the steel was provided in a letter from the steel milling facility, where they also confirmed the usage of electric arc method for recycled steel production.

Impacts from transportation were allocated based on the mass of material and distance transported.

#### **System Boundaries**

The system boundaries of the life cycle assessment for the *Vagabond seating products are* cradle-to-grave. A description of the system boundaries for this study are as follows:

- Raw Material Extraction and Processing This stage includes extraction of virgin materials and reclamation of non-virgin feedstock. This includes the extraction of all raw materials, including the transport to the manufacturing site. Resource use and emissions associated with both the extraction of the raw materials used in the workstation, as well as those associated with the processing of raw materials and workstation component manufacturing are included. Impacts associated with the transport of the processed raw materials to manufacturing facilities (upstream transport) are also included in this stage.
- Production This stage includes all the relevant manufacturing processes and flows, excluding production of capital goods, infrastructure, production of manufacturing equipment, and personnel-related activities. This stage includes the impacts from energy use and emissions associated with the processes occurring at the manufacturing facility. Energy use at the facility is excluded unless used directly for the manufacturing process. This stage also includes the production and disposal (including transport) of the product packaging materials.
- Distribution, Use, and Maintenance This stage includes the delivery of the seating product to the point of use (downstream transportation) and the use, cleaning and maintenance of the workstation for a period of 10 years.
   Also included are the impacts from extraction, manufacture and transport of all sundry material for maintenance and cleaning.
- End of life stage The end-of-life stage includes transport of the seating product to material reclamation or
  waste treatment facilities. Emissions from disposal of seating product components in a landfill or from
  incineration are included.

#### **Cut-off criteria**

According to the PCR, cumulative omitted mass or energy flows within the product boundary shall not exceed 5%. In the present study, except as noted, all known materials and processes were included in the life cycle inventory.

# **REFERENCES**

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